

# Firebird 3: provider-based architecture, plugins and OO approach to API

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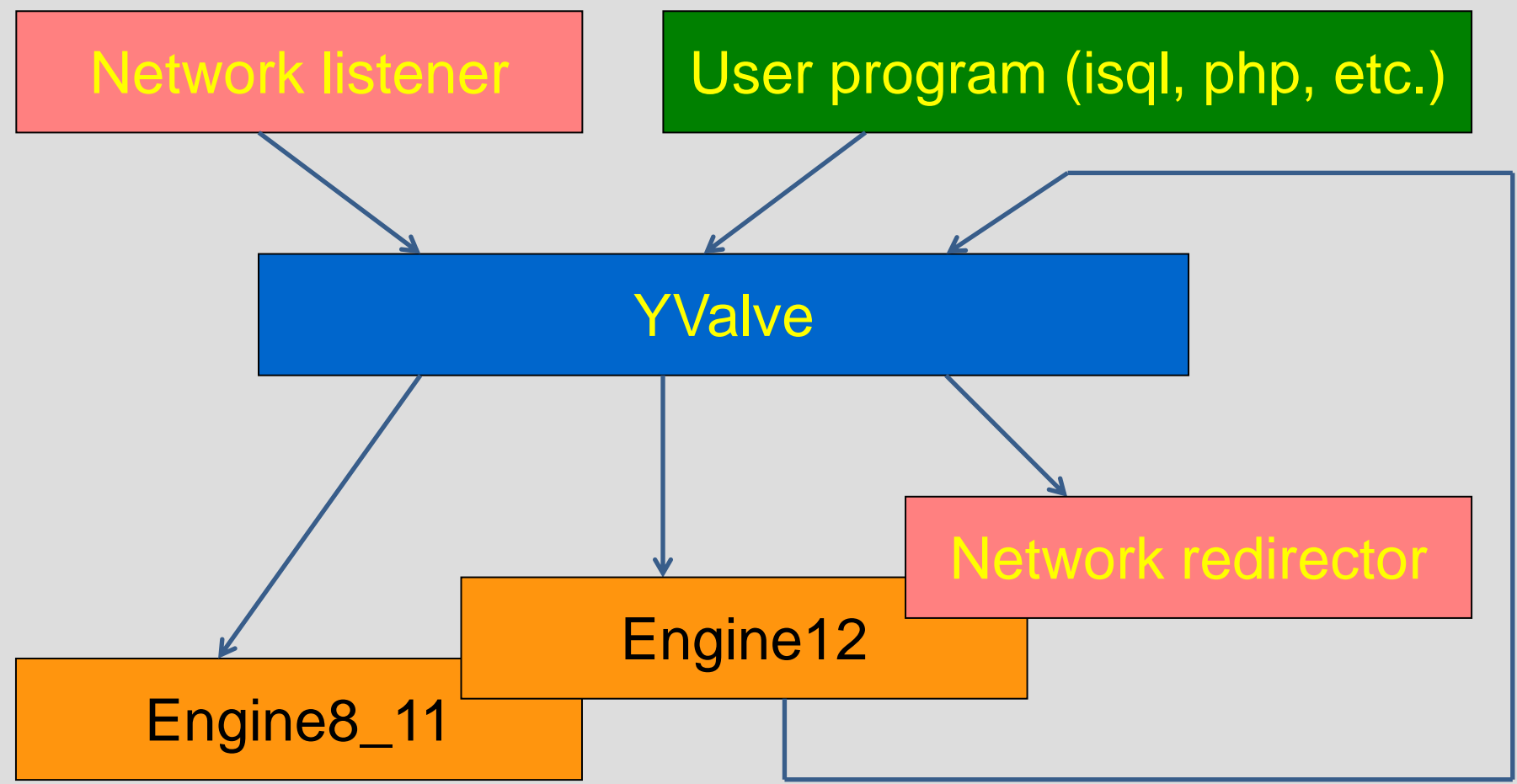
# Architectural goals of Firebird3

- Provide more and better ways for users to extend functionality of firebird
- How to do it:
  - Introduce (or may be restore ?) provider-based architecture
  - Introduce (or may be extend ?) plugins

# Providers – based architecture (OSRI)

Clients

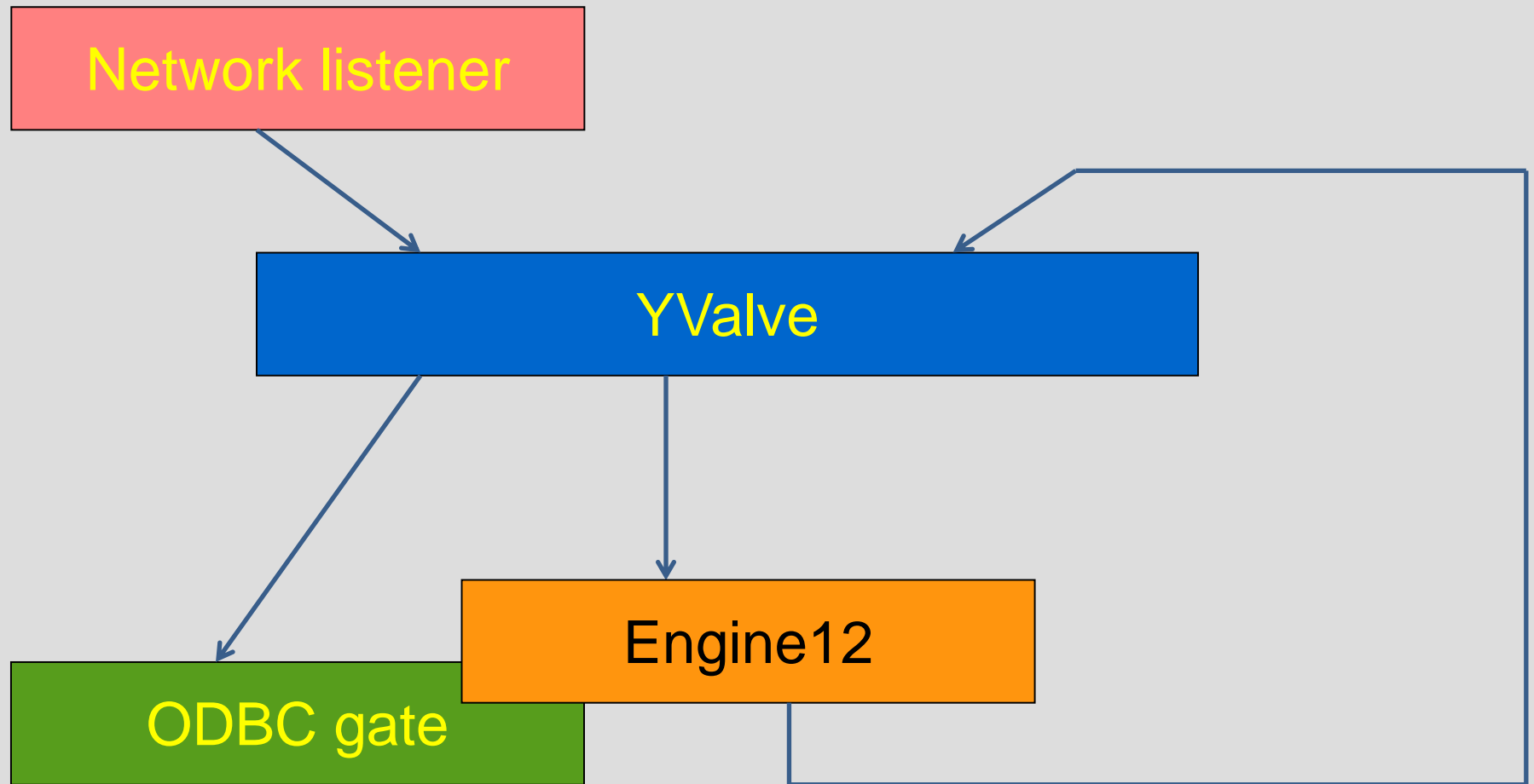
Pro



# Server with additional provider

Clients

Pro



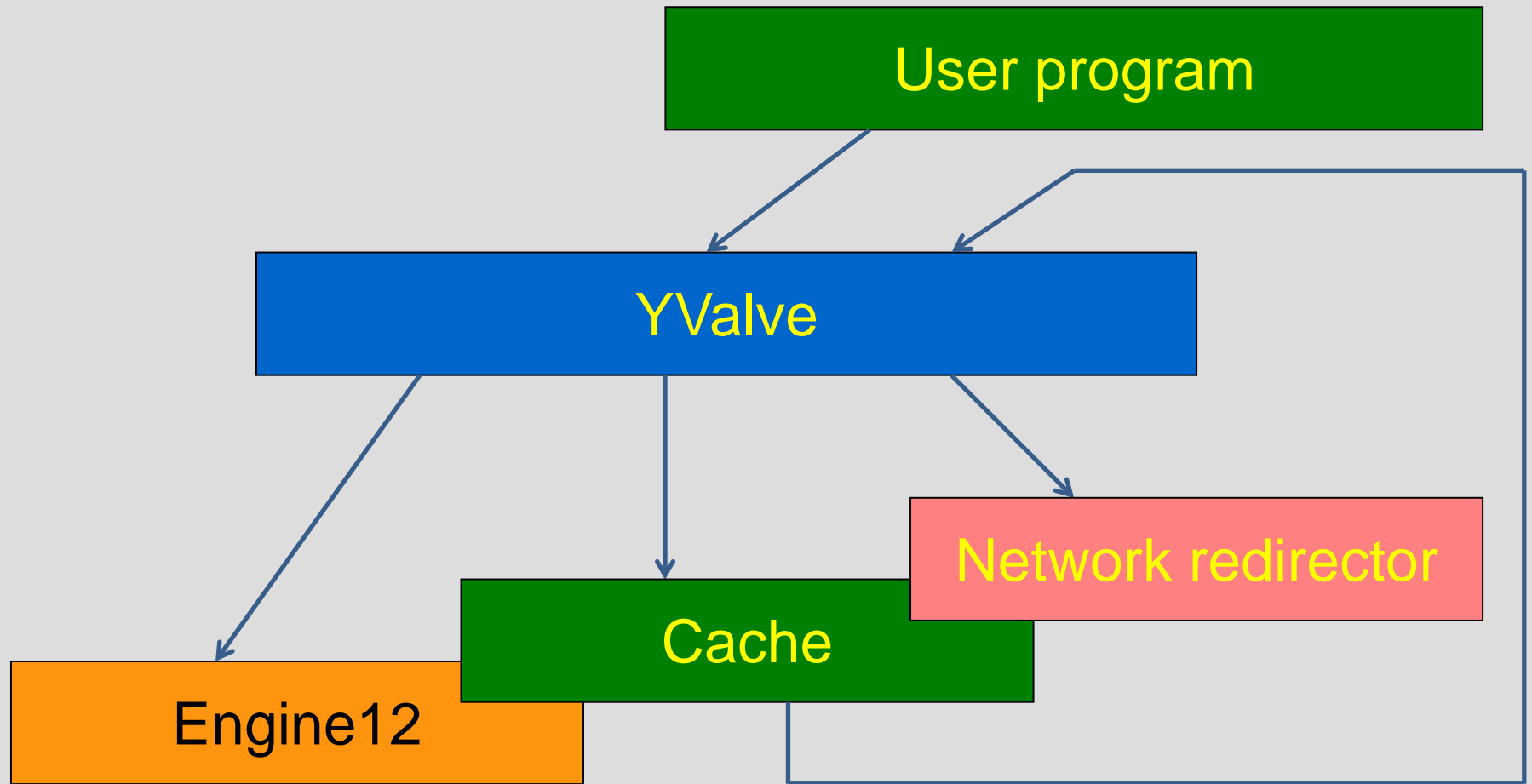
# Server with additional provider

EXECUTE STATEMENT 'ODBC SPECIFIC OPERATOR'  
ON EXTERNAL 'ODBC://odbc\_datasource\_name'

- Engine12:
  - Attach Database 'ODBC://odbc\_datasource\_name'
- YValve:
  - Tries known providers, including ODBC gate
- ODBC gate:
  - Recognizes 'ODBC://' prefix
  - Calls appropriate ODBC function to establish connection

# Client with additional provider

Clients



Pro

# Client with additional provider

- Client:
  - Attach Database 'CACHE://SRV/dbAlias'
- Yvalve:
  - Tries known providers, including CACHE
- CACHE:
  - Recognizes 'CACHE://' prefix
  - Can use 'INET://somehost/dbAlias' to access remote data
  - Can use embedded connection to access cached data

# Plugins

- Provide almost unlimited capabilities of extending firebird with what user needs
  - UDFs and blob filters are also a kind of plugins with specific interface and calling rules
- Require (like UDFs) special care to avoid malicious code, executed in server context
  - all plugins, not described explicitly in configuration file, are loaded from \$(root)/plugins, slash in names is not permitted
  - if one provides path information in explicit plugin description – he should care about it himself



# Plugins

- May be plugged only into specially prepared points of main firebird code
- Firebird 3 will support the following types of plugins:
  - Trace;
  - External engines;
  - Authentication (server/client) and users' management;
  - Crypt (network and may be database).

# Plugins

- Have interface, specific for each predefined point in firebird code
- Have common rules of load/unload and configuration
- Have common interface, controlling that common features

# Plugins and providers-base architecture

- Provider is invoked from specific point of a code (from yValve)
- Providers should be loaded/unloaded to/from firebird process address space
- Providers can and should be treated as a special kind of plugins
  - this avoids adding special code, duplicating one for plugins

# Choosing API

- Functional API
  - Follows existing (`isc_attach_database`) style
- Object-oriented API
  - Used in a lot of modern software
  - Saves resources when loading plugin
- Backward compatibility at yValve level for providers API

# Interfaces

- Firebird API contains 2 types of objects:
  - Interface - C++ class with pure-virtual only functions;  
class IIntUserField : public IUserField  
{  
public:  
    virtual int FB\_CARG get() = 0;  
    virtual void FB\_CARG set(int newValue) = 0;  
};
  - Simplified form, used later
  - class IIntUserField : public IUserField
  - {
  - int get();
  - void set(int newValue);
  - };

# Interfaces

- Firebird API contains 2 types of objects:
  - Structure - C struct, containing POD (plain old data) only;

```
struct FbMessage
{
    const unsigned char* blr;
    unsigned char* buffer;
    unsigned int blrLength;
    unsigned int bufferLength;
};
```

# Master interface

- Provides access to other interfaces
- Stands separate from the others, cause created (from user POV) not by any other interface, but by API function:
  - `IMaster* fb_get_master_interface();`
- This is the only one new API function, required to support OO API

# Common rules

- All interfaces are derived from IVersioned, IDisposable or IRefCounted (last two are also derived from IVersioned).
  - All plugins are derived from IPluginBase (derived from IRefCounted).
  - Interfaces guaranteed lifetime:
    - IRefCounted – as long as not released last time,
    - IDisposable – as long as not disposed,
    - non of this (just versioned) – according to lifetime of outer object (which created that interface)



# IVersioned – version of interface

- Firebird interfaces are not COM interfaces – we support multiple versions of same interface.
- Interface version can be upgraded by code, receiving interface from other module.
- Interface version is always equal to total number of virtual functions in it.
- Use of upgraded interface does not cause any delays when using its functions.

# IVersioned – version of interface

```
class IVersioned {  
    int getVersion();  
    IPluginModule* getModule();  
};
```

# IVersioned – version of interface

• Upgrade is supported by IVersioned and function:

- IMaster::upgradeInterface(
  - IVersioned\* toUpgrade,
  - int desiredVersion,
  - struct UpgradeInfo\* upgradeInfo).

```
struct UpgradeInfo
{
    void* missingFunctionClass;
    IPluginModule* clientModule;
};
```

# IVersioned – version of interface

- Samples of missingFunctionClass

```
class NoEntrypoint {  
    virtual void FB_CARG noEntry(IStatus* s) {  
        s->set(Arg::Gds(isc_wish_list).value());  
    }  
};
```

```
class IgnoreMissing {  
    virtual int FB_CARG noEvent() {  
        return 1;  
    }  
}
```

# IVersioned – version of interface

.Calling functions in upgraded interface

```
class IService : public IRefCounted
{
    void detach(IStatus* status);
    void query(IStatus* status,
              int sendLength, char* sendItems,
              int receiveLength, char* receiveItems,
              int bufferLength, char* buffer);
    void start(IStatus* status,
              int spbLength, char* spb);
};
```

# Explicit lifetime control

- Required when interface is created at one place and destroyed at another
- IDisposable – used in interfaces, not intended to be passed from thread to thread

```
class IDisposable : public IVersioned {  
    void FB_CARG dispose();  
};
```

- Used as base for IStatus

# Explicit lifetime control

- IRefCounted – OK to pass across thread boundary, can be destroyed by any thread in safe way

```
class IRefCounted : public IVersioned
{
    void addRef();
    int release();
};
```

- Base of many interfaces, including IPluginBase

# IPluginBase

- Base interface for all primary plugin interfaces

```
class IPluginBase : public IRefCounted {  
    void setOwner(IRefCounted*);  
    IRefCounted* getOwner();  
};
```

- Plays key role when unloading plugin module from process space



# IPluginFactory

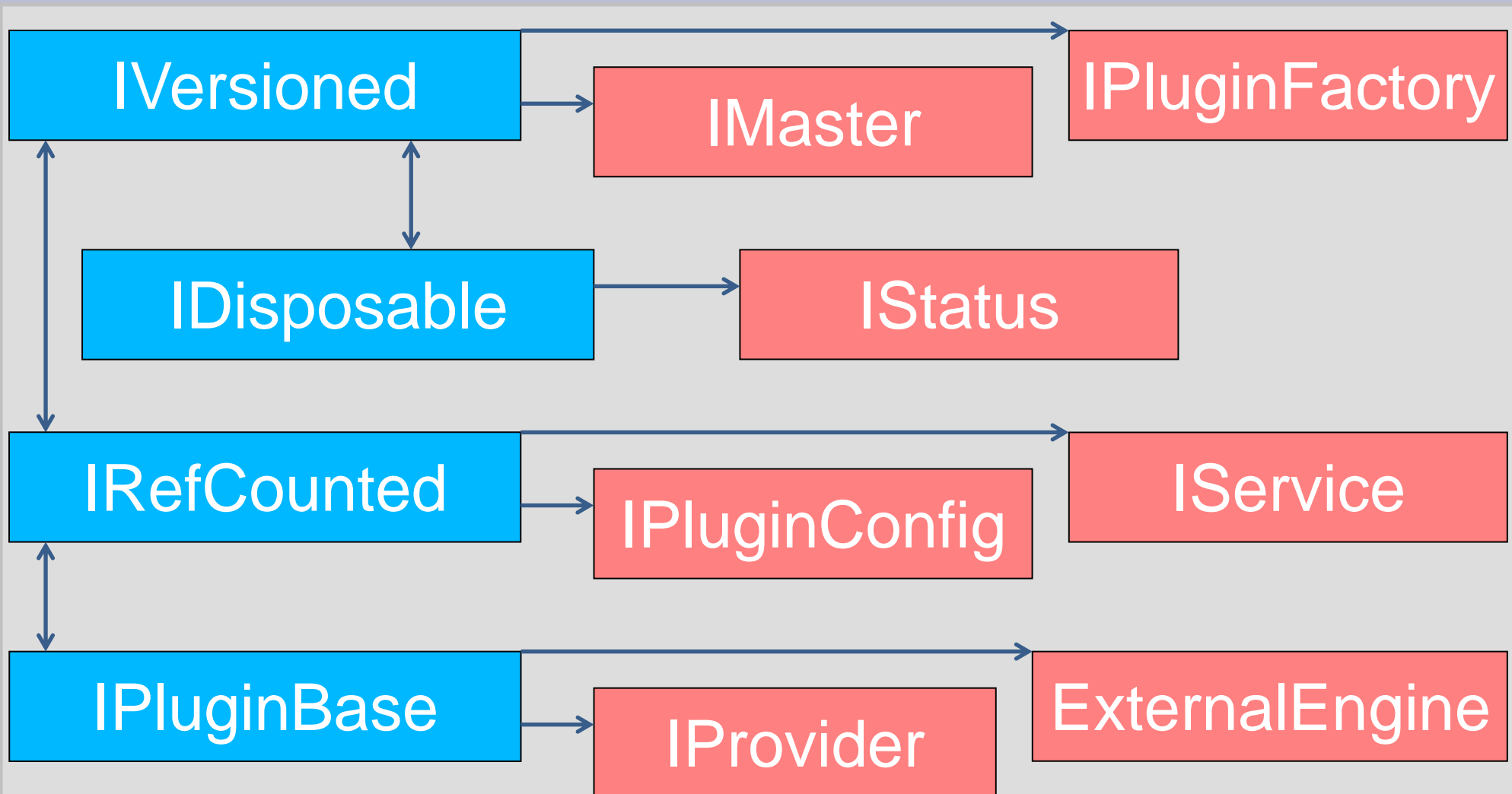
- Created by plugin module to register plugin in firebird:

```
class IPluginFactory : public IVersioned {  
    IPluginBase* createPlugin  
        (IPluginConfig* factoryParameter);  
};
```

- Registered in plugin manager:

```
IPluginManager::registerPluginFactory  
(int pluginType,  
 char* name,  
 IPluginFactory* factory)
```

# Interfaces hierarchy



# C++ wrapper over interfaces

- Helps to perform repeating tasks when working with interfaces

```
class Abc: public IVersionedIface { .... }  
#define ABC_VERSION (FB_VERSIONED_VERSION + 3)
```

```
template <class C, int V> class VersionedIface;
```

```
Abc* abcInstance =  
    new VersionedIface<Abc, ABC_VERSION>;
```

# C++ wrapper over interfaces

- Other useful templates:

```
template <class C, int V> class AutoIface;
```

```
template <class C, int V> class Disposelface;
```

```
template <class C, int V> class RefCntIface;
```

- missing release() method

```
template <class C, int V> class StdPlugin;
```

```
template <class P> SimpleFactory;
```

# Configuring plugins

- List of plugins to be used
  - Set in firebird.conf for each plugin type
  - Default values:
    - AuthServer = Srp, Win\_Sspi
    - AuthClient = Srp, Win\_Sspi, Legacy\_Auth
    - UserManager = Srp
    - TracePlugin = fbtrace
    - Providers = Remote,Engine12,Loopback

# Configuring plugins

- Plugin's specific configuration
  - Depends only upon plugin itself
- Advantages of using standard configuration
  - Saves time/efforts when writing plugin code
  - Plugin's users configure it in familiar manner
- Standard configuration methods
  - File of predefined format [param=value] in predefined place [\$(root)/plugins/]
  - Record in common for all plugins file

# Configuring plugins

- New configuration file `plugins.conf`
  - Has 2 types of records – config and plugin
- Config record – stores plugin-specific data

```
Config = ConfName {  
    Param1 = Value1  
    Param2 = Value2  
}
```
- Plugin record - sets rules of plugin's loading

# Configuring plugins

- Plugin record format:

```
Plugin = Name {  
  Module = /path/to/module  
  RegisterName = regName  
  Config = ConfName  
  ConfigFile = /path/to/file  
}
```

- Defaults:

```
Plugin = % {  
  Module = $(root)/plugins/%  
  RegisterName = %  
  ConfigFile = $(root)/plugins/%.conf  
}
```



# Configuring plugins

- When we need plugins.conf
  - Names conflict in 2 plugins, taken from different places
  - Plugin = Crypt1 {  
    Module = \$(root)/plugins/Crypt1  
    RegisterName = BestCrypt
  - }
  - Plugin = Crypt2 {  
    #Module = \$(root)/plugins/Crypt2  
    RegisterName = BestCrypt
  - }

# Configuring plugins

- When we need plugins.conf
  - Use same plugin with different configuration
  - Plugin = first {
    - Module = \$(root)/plugins/abc
    - RegisterName = abc
    - #ConfigFile = \$(root)/plugins/first.conf
  - }
  - Plugin = second {
    - Module = \$(root)/plugins/abc
    - RegisterName = abc
  - }

# Accessing configuration data from plugin

- Configuration is passed to plugin when it is created:  
IPluginBase\* IPluginFactory::createPlugin (IPluginConfig\* factoryParameter)
- Typical implementation (in SimpleFactory):  
IPluginBase\* createPlugin(IPluginConfig\* fPar)  
{  
    P\* plugin = new P(fPar);  
    plugin->addRef();  
    return plugin;  
}

# Accessing configuration data from plugin

- IPluginConfig layout

```
class IPluginConfig : public IRefCounted {  
    const char* getConfigFileName();  
    IConfig* getDefaultConfig();  
    IFirebirdConf* getFirebirdConf();  
};
```

- Related method in IPluginManager

```
IConfig* getConfig(const char* filename);
```

# Accessing configuration data from plugin

- IConfig and IConfigEntry layout

```
class IConfig : public IRefCounted {  
    IConfigEntry* find(const char* name);  
    IConfigEntry* findValue(char* name, char* val);  
    IConfigEntry* findPos(char* name, int pos);  
};
```

```
class IConfigEntry : public IRefCounted {  
    const char* getName();  
    const char* getValue();  
    IConfig* getSubConfig();  
};
```

# Accessing configuration data from plugin

- Sample

```
IConfig* group(IConfig* iConf, char* entry)
{
    IConfigEntry* ce = findValue("Group", entry);
    return ce ? ce->getSubConfig() : NULL;
}
```

```
int count(IConfig* iConf, char* param)
{
    int n;
    for (n = 0; iConf->findPos(param, n); ++n);
    return n;
};
```

# Accessing firebird.conf from plugin

- Accessing global file  
iPluginMgr->getConfig(“(root)/firebird.conf”);
- Accessing per-database configuration  
class IFirebirdConf : public IRefCounted {  
    int getKey(char\* name);  
    int asInteger(int key);  
    const char\* asString(unsigned int key);  
};

# Accessing firebird.conf from plugin

- Sample – from secure remote passwords

```
IFirebirdConf* cnf;
```

```
SrpManagement(IPluginConfig* par)  
    : cnf(par->getFirebirdConf())  
{ }
```

```
void start(IStatus* status, ILogonInfo* logonInfo)  
{  
    int dbKey = cnf->getKey("SecurityDatabase");  
    char* secDbName = config->asString(dbKey);
```



# Using OO provider's API

- Main provider's API - IProvider

```
class IProvider : public IPluginBase {
    IAttachment* attachDatabase (IStatus* status,
        char* fileName, int dpbLength, char* dpb);
    IAttachment* createDatabase(IStatus* status,
        char* fileName, int dpbLength, char* dpb);
    IService* attachServiceManager(IStatus* status,
        char* service, int spbLength, char* spb);
    void shutdown(IStatus* status,
        int timeout, int reason);
};
```

# Using OO provider's API

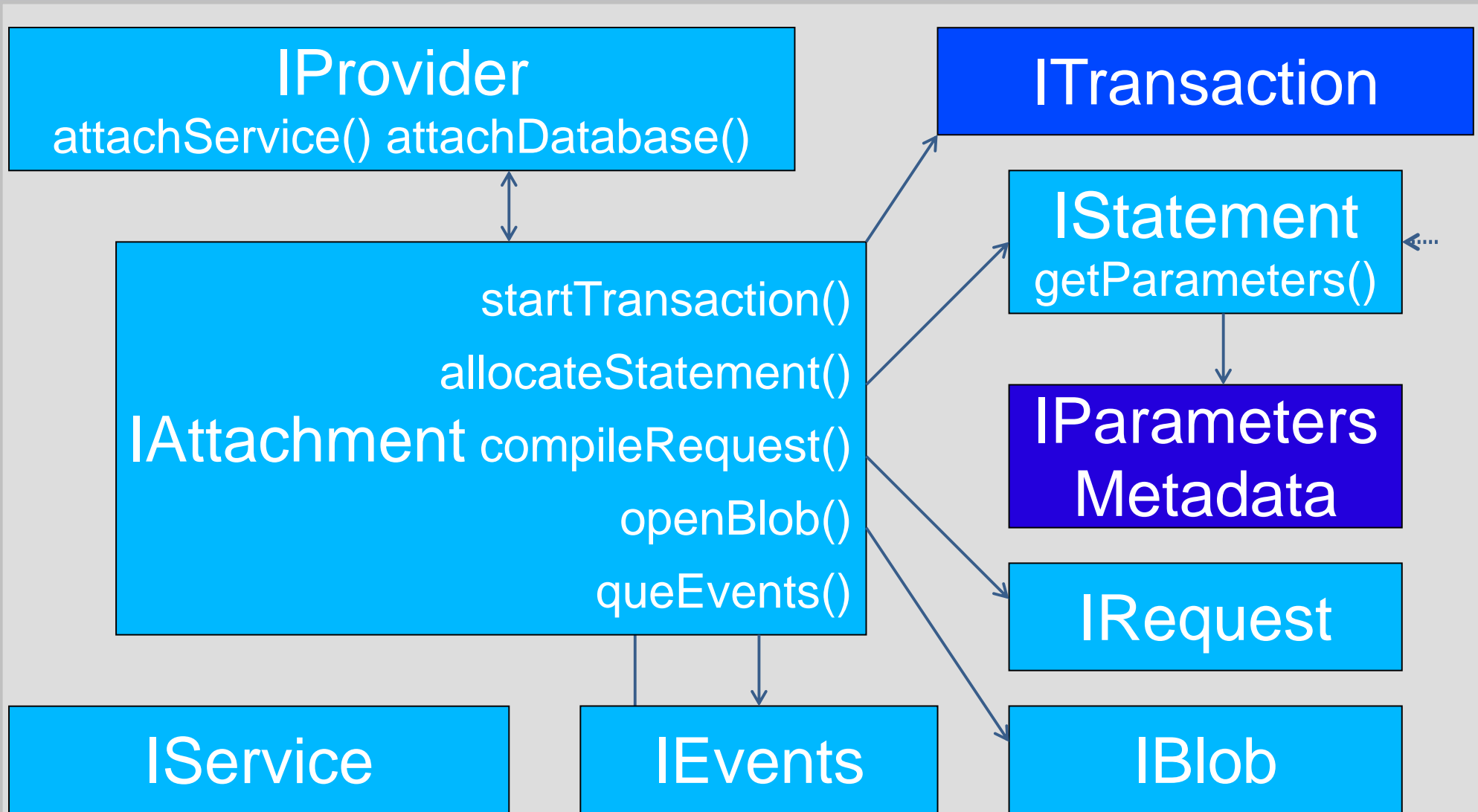
- Clients get access to provider's API using IMaster interface:

```
IStatus* status = iMaster->getStatus();
IProvider* dispatch = iMaster->getDispatcher();
IAttachment *att = dispatch->attachDatabase
    (status, "employee", dpbLength, dpb);
dispatch->release();
```

```
// work with attachment ...
```

```
att->detach(status);
status->release();
```

# Provider's interfaces



# Provider's interfaces

- IStatement – new message description

```
class IStatement : public IVersioned {  
    int fetch(IStatus* status, FbMessage* msg);  
    // ... other functions  
};
```

```
isc_dsqli_fetch_m(STATUS*, FB_API_HANDLE*,  
    USHORT blr_length, SCHAR* blr, USHORT  
    msg_length, SCHAR* msg);
```

# Provider's interfaces

- IEvents – new name, old object

```
class IEventCallback : public Iversioned {  
    void callbackFunction(int length, char* events);  
};
```

```
IEvents* IAttachment::queEvents(IStatus* status,  
    IEventCallback* callback, int len, char* events);
```

```
class IEvents : public IRefCounted {  
    void cancel(IStatus* status);  
};
```

# Provider's interfaces

```
class IParametersMetadata : public IVersioned {
    int getCount(IStatus* status);
    char* getField(IStatus* status, int index);
    char* getRelation(IStatus* status, int index);
    char* getOwner(IStatus* status, int index);
    char* getAlias(IStatus* status, int index);
    int getType(IStatus* status, int index);
    bool isNullable(IStatus* status, int index);
    int getSubType(IStatus* status, int index);
    int getLength(IStatus* status, int index);
    int getScale(IStatus* status, int index);
};
```

# Provider's interfaces

- ITransaction – new API functions, related with 2PC (distributed transactions)

```
class ITransaction : public IRefCounted {  
    // prepare, commit, rollback, etc...  
    ITransaction* join(IStatus* status,  
                      ITransaction* tra);  
    ITransaction* validate(IStatus* status,  
                          IAttachment* attachment);  
    ITransaction* enterDtc(IStatus* status);  
};
```

# Distributed transactions coordinator

- Starting transaction in single database  
Attachment::startTransaction(IStatus\* status,  
int tpbLength, char\* tpb);
- DTC interface  
IDtc\* iDtc = iMaster->getDtc();



# Distributed transactions coordinator

- DTC interface

```
class IDtc : public Iversioned {  
    ITransaction* start(IStatus* status, int cnt,  
                        DtcStart* components);  
    ITransaction* join(IStatus* status,  
                      ITransaction* one, ITransaction* two);  
};
```

```
struct DtcStart {  
    IAttachment* attachment;  
    char* tpb;  
    int tpbLength;  
};
```

# Distributed transactions coordinator

- Sample A

```
DtcStart comp[2] = { {att1, 0, 0}, {att2, 0, 0} };
```

```
ITransaction* distr = iDtc->start(status, 2, comp);
```

- Sample B

```
ITransaction* t1 =
```

```
    att1->startTransaction(status, 0, 0);
```

```
ITransaction* t2 =
```

```
    att2->startTransaction(status, 0, 0);
```

```
ITransaction* distr = t1->join(status, t2);
```

# Master interface

```
class IMaster : public IVersioned {  
    IStatus* getStatus();  
    IProvider* getDispatcher() = 0;  
    IPluginManager* getPluginManager();  
    int upgradeInterface(IVersioned* toUpgrade,  
        int desiredVersion, UpgradeInfo* upInfo);  
    ITimerControl* getTimerControl();  
    IDtc* getDtc() = 0;  
};
```

# External Engine

```
class ExternalEngine : public IPluginBase {  
    ExternalFunction* makeFunction(Error* error,  
        ExternalContext* context,  
        IRoutineMetadata* metadata,  
        BlrMessage* inBlr, BlrMessage* outBlr);  
    ExternalProcedure* makeProcedure(...);  
    ExternalTrigger* makeTrigger(Error* error,  
        ExternalContext* context,  
        IRoutineMetadata* metadata);  
};
```

# External Engine

- Interfaces used
  - ExternalContext – attachment of external engine to database.
  - IRoutineMetadata – metadata of procedure /trigger /function (name, entry point, etc.)
  - Both interfaces passed to plugin from firebird

# External Engine

- Interfaces exported – procedure, trigger and function

```
class ExternalProcedure : public Disposable {  
    ExternalResultSet* open(Error* error,  
        ExternalContext* context,  
        void* inMsg, void* outMsg);  
};
```

```
class ExternalResultSet : public Disposable {  
    virtual bool FB_CALL fetch(Error* error);  
};
```

# External Engine

- Existing plugins:
  - UDR – user defined routines on C/C++
    - will be install with firebird server
  - JAVA
    - will be isntalled with jaybird

# External Engine

- JAVA sample – Java class

```
public class FbRegex {  
    public static String replace(String regex,  
                                String str, String replacement) {  
        return str.replaceAll(regex, replacement);  
    }  
}
```



# External Engine

- JAVA sample – SQL operator

```
create function regex_replace (  
    regex varchar(60), str varchar(60),  
    replacement varchar(60)  
)
```

```
returns varchar(60)
```

```
external name
```

```
'org.firebirdsql.example.fbjava.FbRegex.replace (  
    java.lang.String, java.lang.String,  
    java.lang.String  
)
```

```
return java.lang.String'
```

```
engine java;
```

# External Engine

- UDR sample – C++ boost-enhanced

```
FB_UDR_BEGIN_PROCEDURE(gen_rows2)
  FB_UDR_EXECUTE_MESSAGE_PROCEDURE
  ( (FB_INTEGER, start)
    (FB_INTEGER, end)
    ,
    (FB_INTEGER, result) )
    { out->result = in->start - 1; }

  FB_UDR_FETCH_PROCEDURE
    { return out->result++ < in->end; }
  FB_UDR_END_PROCEDURE
```

# External Engine

- UDR sample – SQL operator  
create procedure gen\_rows2 (  
    start\_n integer not null,  
    end\_n integer not null  
) returns (  
    n integer not null  
)  
    external name 'udrcpp\_example!gen\_rows2'  
    engine udr;

# Trace

```
class TraceFactory : public IPluginBase {  
    ntrace_mask_t /*64 bit*/ trace_needs();  
    TracePlugin* trace_create(IStatus* status,  
                             TraceInitInfo* init_info);  
};
```

```
class TraceInitInfo : public IVersioned {  
    TraceConnection* getConnection();  
    TraceLogWriter* getLogWriter();  
    // .....  
};
```

# Trace

```
class TraceConnection : public IVersioned {  
    int getConnectionID();  
    char* getDatabaseName();  
    int FB_CARG getProcessID();  
    // ....  
};
```

```
class TraceLogWriter : public IRefCounted {  
    size_t write(const void* buf, size_t size);  
};
```

- Also controls audit/trace mode

# Trace

```
class TracePlugin : public IRefCounted {
    char* trace_get_error();
    int trace_attach(TraceConnection* connection,
        ntrace_boolean_t create_db,
        ntrace_result_t att_result);
    int trace_transaction_start(
        TraceConnection* connection,
        TraceTransaction* transaction,
        size_t tpb_length, ntrace_byte_t* tpb,
        ntrace_result_t tra_result);
    // .....
};
```

# Authentication

- 3 types of authentication plugins:
  - Server – checks whether client correct or not
  - Client – prepares data for validation by server
  - User manager (not always required)
  
- enum AuthResult {AUTH\_SUCCESS,  
AUTH\_CONTINUE, AUTH\_FAILED,  
AUTH\_MORE\_DATA};

# Authentication

```
class IAuthServer : public IPluginBase {
    AuthResult authenticate(IStatus* status,
        AuthServerBlock* sBlock, IAuthPar* par);
    AuthResult getSessionKey(IStatus* status,
        char** key, int* keyLen);
};

class AuthServerBlock : public IVersioned {
    char* getLogin();
    char* getData(int* length);
    void putData(int length, void* data);
};
```



# Authentication

```
class IAuthClient : public IPluginBase {
    AuthResult authenticate(IStatus* status,
        AuthClientBlock* sBlock);
    AuthResult getSessionKey(IStatus* status,
        char** key, int* keyLen);
};

class AuthClientBlock : public IVersioned {
    char* getLogin();
    char* getPassword();
    char* getData(int* length);
    void putData(int length, void* data);
};
```

# Authentication

- 4 plugins in firebird 3
  - Secure remote password protocol
  - Windows - trusted authentication
  - Linux – ssh-like handshake
  - Legacy (DES on client)

# Secure remote password

- Up to 20 symbols in password
- Password is never passed over the wire
- Resistant to many attacks, including 'man in the middle'
- Can generate strong crypt keys on both client and server during authentication
- Does not require additional client-server roundtrips due to changes in network protocol

# Authentication

```
class IManagement : public IPluginBase {
    void start(IStatus* status, ILogonInfo* IgnInfo);
    int execute(IStatus* status, IUser* user,
               IListUsers* callback);
    void commit(IStatus* status);
    void rollback(IStatus* status);
};
```

# Authentication

```
class ILogonInfo : public IVersioned {
    char* FB_CARG name();
    char* FB_CARG role();
    int FB_CARG forceAdmin();
    char* FB_CARG networkProtocol();
    char* FB_CARG remoteAddress();
    int FB_CARG authBlock(char** bytes);
};
```

# Authentication

```
class IUser : public IVersioned {
    int operation();
    ICharUserField* userName();
    ICharUserField* password();
    ICharUserField* firstName();
    ICharUserField* lastName();
    ICharUserField* middleName();
    ICharUserField* groupName();
    IIntUserField* FB_CARG uid();
    IIntUserField* FB_CARG gid();
    IIntUserField* FB_CARG admin();
    void FB_CARG clear();
};
```

# Authentication

```
class IUserField : public IVersioned {  
    int entered();  
    void setEntered(int newValue);  
};
```

```
class ICharUserField : public IUserField {  
    char* get() = 0;  
    void set(char* newValue) = 0;  
};
```

# Crypt

```
class ICrypt : public IPluginBase {  
    void setKey(IStatus* status, int length,  
               void* key);  
    void transform(IStatus* status, int length,  
                  void* to, void* from);  
};
```



**Thanks for your attention!**

